ACYCLIC STEREOSELECTION USING RELATIVE 1,2-ASYMMETRIC INDUCTION. SELECTIVE SYNTHESIS OF (+)-BLASTMYCINONE

Hiroshi UCHIYAMA, Yuichi KOBAYASHI, and Fumie SATO*

Department of Chemical Engineering, Tokyo Institute of Technology,

Meguro, Tokyo 152

(+)-Blastmycinone has been synthesized based on the stereoselective addition reaction of 1-trimethylsilylvinylmagnesium bromide with (-)-(R)-2-butyl-3-trimethylsilylbut-3-enal.

(+)-Blastmycinone (1) is a degradation product of antimycin A_3 , an antifungal antibiotic¹⁾ and has been synthesized in both racemic and optically active forms by several groups.²⁾ Herein, we report the synthesis of (+)-1 by a method of the stereocontrolled construction of acyclic systems.^{3,4)}

Recently, we have shown that 2-methyl-3-trimethylsilylbut-3-enal (2) (R = Me) reacts with Grignard reagents highly selectively affording syn addition products with more than 99% diastereoselectivity (Eq. 1). 5) We also reported the convenient method for preparation of both (R)- and (S)-2 (R = Me), which was based

on the regiospecific ring opening of the epoxide obtained by Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation of trans-crotyl alcohol.⁶⁾ Based on these findings, we have prepared (+)-1 starting with the optically active aldehyde (R)-2 (R = Bu). Our method is shown in Scheme 1.

The aldehyde (R)-2 (R = Bu) was prepared according to Eq. 2 as described in the previous paper. (E)-2-hexen-1-ol, prepared from propargyl alcohol and butyl bromide, was epoxidized to $3^{(8)}$ in 70% yield using (L)-(+)-diisopropyl tartrate and TBHP. After protection of 3 as trityl ether (TrCl, Et₃N,

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R = COi-Bu

10 R = H

Scheme 1.

DMAP, $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$), the resulting 4 was treated with 1-trimethylsilylvinylmagnesium bromide in THF in the presence of CuI to afford the alcohol 5. 10) Deprotection of crude 5 (Cl₂CHCOOH, H₂O), purification by column chromatography on silica gel, and subsequent treatment with NaIO₄ afforded (R)-2 (R = Bu), [α]_D²⁵ -16.7° (c 1.04, CHCl₃). The yield of (R)-2 from 3 was 68%.

12 R = COOH

Bu OH OR OR OTR

$$3 R = H$$
 $4 R = Tr$
 5
 (2)

Reaction of (R)-2 (R = Bu) thus prepared with 1-trimethylsilylvinylmagnesium bromide in THF (-78 °C \rightarrow r.t.) yielded 6 exclusively in 91% yield. Epoxidation of 6 with TBHP and Ti(Oi-Pr) 4 in CH₂Cl₂ gave 7 (73%) and its regioisomer (3%) which could be separated by column chromatography on silica gel. 9,11) Noteworthy is the fact that V^{5+} -catalyzed epoxidation of 6 resulted in low yield (10-30%) of 7. Treatment of 7 with t-BuOK and then with Bu₄NF in THF resulted in regiospecific protodesilylation 13) yielding 8 (96%), which was changed to the diol 9 (92%) by treatment with LiAlH₄ in ether (0 °C \rightarrow r.t.). Protodesilylation of 9 with KH-HMPA (r.t., 10 h) 14) and acetylation with Ac₂O-pyridine afforded 11 (75%). Conolysis of 11 in MeOH (-78 °C, 30 min), treatment with Me₂S and oxidation (CrO₃-H₂SO₄) gave 12 in 70% yield. The compound 12 was converted to blast-

mycinolactol (13) (95%), mp 49.0-49.5 °C (lit^{2d)} mp 50-51 °C), [α]_D²² -18.7° (c 1.55, MeOH) (lit^{2d)} -18° (c 1.61, MeOH), by treatment with K₂CO₃ in MeOH-H₂O (4:1) followed by addition of aqueous HCl. Finally, treatment of 13 with isovaleryl chloride afforded (+)-blastmycinone (1) (80%), [α]_D²³ +11.0° (c 1.16, CHCl₃) (lit^{2d)}+10° (c 1.50, CHCl₃)). ¹H NMR spectral data were in accord with values reported in the literature.^{2e,15})

In conclusion, we succeeded in a highly stereoselective synthesis of (+)-1. The present method can be effectively used for controlling three consecutive asymmetric centers of α , β -dihydroxy- δ -methyl compounds.

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- 9) V. S. Martin, S. S. Woodard, T. Katsuki, Y. Yamada, M. Ikeda, and K. B. Sharpless, J. Am. Chem. Soc., <u>103</u>, 6237 (1981).
- 10) To a solution of CuI (2.5 mmol) in THF (2 ml) and Me₂S (0.4 ml) was added a THF solution of 1-trimethylsilylvinylmagnesium bromide (46 ml, 0.55 M, 25 mmol) and then 3 (15 mmol) dissolved in THF (20 ml) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h at 0 °C and usual work up afforded 5, which was used for the next step without purification.
- 11) To a solution of $\stackrel{6}{0}$ (4.7 mmol) in ${\rm CH_2Cl_2}$ (45 ml) was added Ti(Oi-Pr)₄ (4.7 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 20 min at 0 °C. Anhydrous TBHP (7.1 mmol) in ${\rm CH_2Cl_2}$ (2.5 ml) was added to the reaction mixture. After 12 h at 0 °C, usual work up gave 7, which was purified by column chromatography on silica gel.
- 12) For the V⁵⁺-catalyzed stereoselective epoxidation of allylic alcohols having trimethylsilyl group on the double bonds, see the following reports: H. Tomioka, T. Suzuki, K. Oshima, and H. Nozaki, Tetrahedron Lett., <u>23</u>, 3387 (1982); A. S. Narula, ibid., 23, 5579 (1982).
- 13) NaH in HMPA or t-BuOK in THF was found to be effective for facile shift of the 1,3-trimethylsilyl group in p'-hydroxy-4,8-epoxysilanes giving silyloxy epoxides at room temperature (unpublished results).

$$R \xrightarrow{\text{Me}_3 \text{Si}} R' \xrightarrow{R} R' \xrightarrow{\text{OSiMe}_3}$$

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- 15) The 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) spectra of 1 and 13 are as follows: 1, \S 13.5, 19.1, 22.1, 25.4, 28.7, 42.9, 46.2, 78.2, 78.9, 172.0, 175.3; 13, \S 13.8, 18.2, 22.5, 28.1, 28.7, 48.5, 78.6, 80.6, 177.2.

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